# YEAR 10 －SIMILARITY．．． ＠uhisto＿maths Congruence，similarity $\varepsilon$ enlargement 

What do I need to be able to do？
By the end of this unit you should be able
to：
－Enlarge by a positive scale factor
－Enlarge by a ractional scale factor
－dentify similar shapes
－Work out missing sides and angles in
simiar rhapes
－Us paralel lines to find missing angles
－Understand simiarity and congruence

## 11 Keywords

II Enlarge：to make a shape bigger（or smaller）by a given multiplier（scale factor）
II Scale Factor：the mutitipler of enlargement
II
II Centre of enlargement：the point the shape is enlarged from
II Similar：when one shape can become another with a reflection，rotation，enlargement or translation
II Congruent：the same size and shape
II Corresponding：items that appear in the same place in two similar situations
II Paralle：straight ines that never meet（equal gradients）
－Understand similarity and congruence

Positive scale factors $R$
Enlargement from a point
Enlarge shape A by SF 2 from（ 0,0 ）
The shape is
enlarged by 2
The distance
from the point
enlarges by 2

11
${ }_{11}$ Fractional scale factors

$\qquad$
dentify similar shapes



ニ二ニニ二ニニニニニニニニニニニー二ロー＿Both sets of sides are in the same ratio

IIfformation in similar shapes

$\times 15$ Shape ABCD and EFGH are similar Notation heps us find the corresponding sides
$A B$ and $E F$ are corresponding
il angles in parallel lines


Co－interior angles


Conditions for congrvent triangles
Triangles are congruent if they satisfy any of the following conditions
Side－side－side
all three sides on the triangle are the same size

## angle－side－angle

Two angles and the side connecting them are equal in two triangles

Side－angle－side
Two sides and the angle in－between them are equal in two triangles（it will also mean the third side is the same size on both shapes）

## Right angle－hypotenuse－side

IThe triangles both have a right angle，the hypotenuse and I one side are the same

